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CFFICE WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION, 2005

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ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR House Bill No. 2476

(By Delegates Perry, Beach, Hartman, Pino and Leach)

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Passed April 9, 2005

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In Effect Ninety Days from Passage

2005 MAY -3 P 4:07

BEFICE WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE

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COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

H. B. 2476

(BY DELEGATES PERRY, BEACH, HARTMAN, PINO AND LEACH)

[Passed April 9, 2005; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §62-12-19 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating generally to parole and parole proceedings; authorizing the Commissioner of the Division of Corrections to issue subpoenas for persons and records necessary to prove a violation of the terms and conditions of a parolee's parole.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §62-12-19 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 12. PROBATION AND PAROLE.

§62-12-19. Violation of parole.

1 (a) If at any time during the period of parole there is 2 reasonable cause to believe that the parolee has violated any of the conditions of his or her release on parole, the parole officer 3 4 may arrest him or her with or without an order or warrant, or 5 the Commissioner of Corrections may issue a written order or warrant for his or her arrest, which written order or warrant is 6 7 sufficient for his or her arrest by any officer charged with the 8 duty of executing an ordinary criminal process. The Commissioner's written order or warrant delivered to the sheriff against 9 10 the paroled prisoner shall be a command to keep custody of the 11 parolee for the jurisdiction of the Division of Corrections and 12 during the period of custody, the parolee may be admitted to 13 bail by the court before which the parolee was sentenced. If the 14 parolee is not released on a bond, the costs of confining the 15 paroled prisoner shall be paid out of the funds appropriated for the Division of Corrections. 16

17 (b) When a parolee is under arrest for violation of the 18 conditions of his or her parole, he or she shall be given a 19 prompt and summary hearing, at which the parolee and his or 20 her counsel are given an opportunity to attend. If at the hearing 21 it appears to the satisfaction of the Board that the parolee has 22 violated any condition of his or her release on parole, or any 23 rules or conditions of his or her supervision, the Board may 24 revoke his or her parole and may require him or her to serve in 25 prison the remainder or any portion of his or her maximum 26 sentence for which, at the time of his or her release, he or she 27 was subject to imprisonment: Provided, That if the violation of 28 the conditions of parole or rules for his or her supervision is not 29 a felony as set out in section eighteen of this article, the Board 30 may, if in its judgment the best interests of justice do not 31 require revocation, reinstate him or her on parole. The Division 32 of Corrections shall effect release from custody upon approval 33 of a home plan. Notwithstanding any provision of this code to 34 the contrary, when reasonable cause has been found to believe 35 that a parolee has violated the conditions of his or her parole but

the violation does not constitute felonious conduct, the Com-36 37 missioner may, in his or her discretion and with the written 38 consent of the parolee, allow the parolee to remain on parole 39 with additional conditions or restrictions. The additional 40 conditions or restrictions may include, but are not limited to, 41 participation in any program described in subsection (d), 42 section five, article eleven-c of this chapter. Compliance by the 43 parolee with the conditions of parole precludes revocation of parole for the conduct which constituted the violation. Failure 44 45 of the parolee to comply with the conditions or restrictions and 46 all other conditions of release is an additional violation of 47 parole and the parolee may be proceeded against under the 48 provisions of this section for the original violation as well as 49 any subsequent violations.

50 (c) When a parolee has violated the conditions of his or her 51 release on parole by confession to, or being convicted of, any 52 of the crimes set forth in section eighteen of this article, he or 53 she shall be returned to the custody of the Division of Correc-54 tions to serve the remainder of his or her maximum sentence, 55 during which remaining part of his or her sentence he or she is 56 ineligible for further parole.

57 (d) Whenever the parole of a paroled prisoner has been 58 revoked, the Commissioner shall upon receipt of the Board's 59 written order of revocation, convey and transport the paroled 60 prisoner to a state correctional institution. A paroled prisoner 61 whose parole has been revoked shall remain in custody of the 62 sheriff until delivery to a corrections officer sent and duly 63 authorized by the Commissioner for the removal of the paroled 64 prisoner to a state penal institution; the cost of confining the 65 paroled prisoner shall be paid out of the funds appropriated for the Division of Corrections. 66

67 (e) When a paroled prisoner is convicted of, or confesses to,68 any one of the crimes enumerated in section eighteen of this

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article, it is the duty of the Board to cause him or her to be 69 returned to this state for a summary hearing as provided by this 70 article. Whenever a parolee has absconded supervision, the 71 72 Commissioner shall issue a warrant for his or her apprehension and return to this state for the hearing provided for in this 73 article: Provided, That the Board may, if it determines the best 74 75 interests of justice do not require revocation, cause the paroled 76 absconder to be reinstated to parole.

(f) A warrant filed by the Commissioner shall stay the
running of his or her sentence until the parolee is returned to the
custody of the Division of Corrections and physically in West
Virginia.

81 (g) Whenever a parolee who has absconded supervision or has been transferred out of this state for supervision pursuant to 82 83 section one, article six, chapter twenty-eight of this code is returned to West Virginia due to a violation of parole and costs 84 85 are incurred by the Division of Corrections, the Commissioner 86 may assess reasonable costs from the parolee's inmate funds or 87 the parolee as reimbursement to the Division of Corrections for the costs of returning him or her to West Virginia. 88

(h) Conviction of a felony for conduct occurring during the
period of parole is proof of violation of the conditions of parole
and the hearing procedures required by the provisions of this
section are inapplicable.

93 (i) The Commissioner of the Division of Corrections may 94 issue subpoenas for persons and records necessary to prove a 95 violation of the terms and conditions of a parolee's parole either 96 at a preliminary hearing or at a final hearing before the Parole 97 Board. The subpoenas shall be served in the same manner provided in the Rules of Criminal Procedure. The subpoenas 98 99 may be enforced by the Commissioner through application or 100 petition of the Commissioner to the circuit court for contempt or other relief. 101

That Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman Sehate Committee Chairman House Committee

Originating in the House.

In effect ninety days from passage.

Clerk of the Senate

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President of the Senate

of the House of Delegates Speaker

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